

BOARD'S REPORT

Dear Members of **OWN WEB SOLUTION PRIVATE LIMITED**,

Your Directors' have pleasure in presenting this 04th Annual Report on the affairs of the Company together with the Audited Statement of Accounts for the year ended on 31st March 2025.

1. Financial Summary or Highlights:

Particulars	FY 2024-2025	FY 2023-2024
Gross Income	4,89,00,735	4,16,16,976
Profit/(Loss) Before Interest and Depreciation	19,49,974	16,84,554
(-) Finance Charges	1,77,556	1,64,961
Gross Profit/(Loss)	17,72,419	15,19,593
(-) Provision for Depreciation	-	-
Net Profit/(Loss) Before Tax	17,72,419	15,19,593
(-) Provision for Tax	4,29,242	4,18,556
(-) Deferred Tax	-4,37,928	-
Net Profit/(Loss) After Tax	17,81,105	11,01,037

2. Operations and affairs of the Company:

The Company has reported total income of ₹ 4,89,00,735/- for the year as compared to ₹ 4,16,16,976/- in previous Financial year. The Net Profit after tax for the year under review amounted to ₹ 17,81,105/- in the current year as compared to ₹ 11,01,037/- in previous financial year.

3. Reserves:

For the Financial Year ended 31st March 2025 the Company has proposed to carry Profit of ₹ 17,81,105/- to General Reserve Account.

4. Dividend:

Your Company does not recommend any dividend for Financial Year 2024-2025.

5. Change in nature of business, if any:

There were no changes in the nature of business during Financial Year ending 31st March 2025.

6. Significant and material orders passed by the regulators or courts or tribunals:

During the year under review there has been no such significant and material orders passed by the regulators or courts or tribunals impacting the going concern status and Company's operations in future.



7. Information about Subsidiary/ JV/ Associate Company:

During the year, no Company had become Subsidiary of the Company or ceased to be a Subsidiary of the Company.

8. Material Changes during the year:

There have been no material changes or commitments affecting the financial position of the Company which have occurred during the Financial Year 2024-25 or between the end of the Financial Year 2024-25 and the date of this Report.

9. Meetings of the Board of Directors and its Committees:

During the above-mentioned Financial Year, the Company held 4 Board Meetings of the Board of Directors which is summarized below. The provisions of the Companies Act, 2013 were adhered to while considering the time gap between two Meetings.

Sl. No.	Date of Meeting	Board Strength	No. of Directors Present
1	22.05.2024	3	2
2	03.09.2024	3	2
3	10.10.2024	3	3
4	04.02.2025	3	2

10. Directors' Responsibility Statement:

To the best of their knowledge and belief and according to the information and explanations obtained by them, your Directors make the following statements in terms of the Section 134(3) (c) of the Companies Act, 2013:

- In the preparation of the annual accounts, the applicable accounting standards had been followed along with proper explanation relating to material departures;
- The Directors had selected such accounting policies and applied them consistently and made judgments and estimates that are reasonable and prudent so as to give a true and fair view of the state of affairs of the Company at the end of the Financial Year and of the profit and loss of the Company for that period;
- The Directors had taken proper and sufficient care for the maintenance of adequate accounting records in accordance with the provisions of this Act for safeguarding the assets of the Company and for preventing and detecting fraud and other irregularities;
- The Directors had prepared the annual accounts on a going concern basis; and
- The Directors had devised proper systems to ensure compliance with the provisions of all applicable laws and that such systems were adequate and operating effectively.



- f) The Directors have laid down internal financial control system as per provisions of the Companies Act, 2013.

11. Auditors and Report thereon:

There are no qualifications or adverse remarks in the Auditors' Report which require any clarification/ explanation. The Notes on Financial statements are self-explanatory and needs no further explanation.

12. Fraud Reporting:

During the Financial Year, no frauds have been reported by Auditors under section 143(12) of the Companies Act, 2013.

13. Loans, Guarantees & Investments:

There were no guarantees or investments made by the Company under the Section 186 of the Companies Act, 2013 during the year under review

Loans given by the Company during the year under review were as follows:

Particulars	Amounts
Vertoz Limited	48,25,161

14. Related Party Transactions:

All Related Party Transactions entered during the year were in ordinary course of business and at arms' length basis. No material related party transactions i.e. transactions exceeding 10% of the annual turnover as per the last audited statements were entered during the year by your Company. The below are the details of Related Party Transactions for the year:

Particulars		FY 2024-25		FY 2023-24	
Name of the Related Party & Nature of Relationship	Transaction Value	Transaction Value	O/s amounts carried in the Balance Sheet	Transaction Value	O/s amounts carried in the Balance Sheet
Associate Enterprise & Sister Concern					
Vertoz Limited	Advances	-2,07,363	48,25,161	-11,97,642	50,32,524
	Debtors	6,31,117	6,31,117	Nil	Nil
Trunkoz Technologies Pvt Ltd	Rent Expense	1,20,000	3,00,000	10,000	1,80,000
	Creditors	Nil	Nil	Nil	Nil
	Loans	Nil	-2,46,940	-2,49,940	-2,46,940



OwnRegistrar INC	Debtor	-1,39,64,183	49,71,817	1,89,35,973	1,89,36,235
	Creditor	1,47,73,953	Nil	1,46,11,903	-1,47,73,953
	Advances	-62,213	Nil	62,213	62,213
Qualispace INC	Loans	-12,611	-1,21,407	Nil	-1,08,796
Vertoz INC NJ	Debtors	Nil	Nil	Nil	Nil
	Loans	-53,120	-53,120	Nil	Nil
OR Solutions FZ LLC	Advances	-1,51,666	Nil	1,51,666	1,51,666
	Loans	-20,68,885	-21,06,669	-37,784	-37,784
Qualispace Cloud Private Limited	Loans	-2,00,000	-2,00,000	Nil	Nil
	Creditor	-2,83,868	-2,83,868	Nil	Nil

15. Conservation of energy, technology absorption and foreign exchange outgo:

A. Conservation of Energy:

The particulars as required under the provisions of the Section 134(3) (m) of the Companies Act, 2013 in respect of conservation of energy have not been furnished considering the nature of activities undertaken by the Company during the year under review.

B. Technology Absorption:

The particulars as required under the provisions of the Section 134(3) (m) of the Companies Act, 2013 in respect of technology absorption have not been furnished considering the nature of activities undertaken by the Company during the year under review.

C. Foreign Exchange Earnings and Outgo:

The Foreign Exchange earned in terms of actual inflows during the year and the Foreign Exchange outgo during the year in terms of actual outflows.

Foreign Exchange Inflow	₹ Nil
Foreign Exchange Outflow	₹ Nil

16. Risk Management:

The Company does not have any Risk Management Policy as the elements of risk threatening the Company's existence are very minimal.

17. Corporate Social Responsibility:

The Company is not required to constitute a Corporate Social Responsibility Committee as it does not fall within purview of the Section 135(1) of the Companies Act, 2013 and hence it is not required to formulate policy on corporate social responsibility.



18. Deposits:

The Company has not accepted any Deposits during the year.

19. Disclosure under the Sexual Harassment of Women at Workplace (Prevention, Prohibition and Redressal) Act, 2013:

Your Company is an equal opportunity employer and is committed to ensuring that the work environment at all its locations is conducive to fair, safe and harmonious relations between employees. It strongly believes in upholding the dignity of all its employees, irrespective of their gender or seniority. Discrimination and harassment of any type are strictly prohibited.

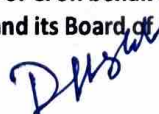
The Company has in place an appropriate Policy in accordance with the provisions of the Sexual Harassment of Women at Workplace (Prevention, Prohibition and Redressal) Act, 2013, to prevent sexual harassment of its employees.

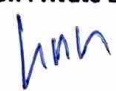
Internal Complaints Committee (ICC) is required to be constituted in case there are 10 or more employees in the Company. The Company has more than 10 employees in the Company and has constituted the Internal Complaints Committee (ICC).

20. Acknowledgments:

The Company wishes to thank its investors, banking community, rating agencies and stock exchanges for their support. The Company would like to take this opportunity to express sincere thanks to all its valued customers, vendors, agents and suppliers for their continued support and patronage. The Directors express their deep sense of appreciation to all the employees whose outstanding professionalism, commitment and initiative has made the organization's growth and success possible and continue to drive its progress. Finally, the Board Directors wish to express their gratitude to the Members for their trust and support.

For & on behalf of Own Web Solution Private Limited
and its Board of Directors


Rasiklal Hathichand Shah
Director
DIN: 00091585


Hirenkumar Rasiklal Shah
Director
DIN: 00092739

Place: Mumbai

Date: 05th September 2025



Independent Auditor's Report

To the Members of Own Web Solutions Private Limited

Report on the Audit of the Standalone Financial Statements

Opinion

We have audited the accompanying standalone financial statements of Own Web Solutions Private Limited ("the Company"), which comprise the Balance Sheet as at 31st March 2025, the Statement of Profit and Loss (including Other Comprehensive Income), the Statement of Changes in Equity, and the Statement of Cash Flows for the year then ended, and a summary of the significant accounting policies and other explanatory information.

In our opinion and to the best of our information and according to the explanations given to us, the aforesaid standalone financial statements give the information required by the Companies Act, 2013 ('the Act') in the manner so required and give a true and fair view in conformity with the Indian Accounting Standards prescribed under section 133 of the Act read with the Companies (Indian Accounting Standards) Rules, 2015, as amended, and other accounting principles generally accepted in India, of the state of affairs of the Company as at 31st March 2025, its profit/loss including other comprehensive income, changes in equity and its cash flows for the year ended on that date.

Basis for Opinion

We conducted our audit of the standalone financial statements in accordance with the Standards on Auditing (SAs) specified under section 143(10) of the Act. Our responsibilities under those Standards are further described in the Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Standalone Financial Statements section of our report. We are independent of the Company in accordance with the Code of Ethics issued by the Institute of Chartered Accountants of India ('ICAI') together with the ethical requirements that are relevant to our audit of the financial statements under the provisions of the Act and the Rules made thereunder, and we have fulfilled our other ethical responsibilities in accordance with these requirements and the ICAI's Code of Ethics. We believe that the audit evidence obtained by us is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinion.

Information Other than the Standalone Financial Statements and Auditor's Report Thereon

The Company's Board of Directors is responsible for the other information. The other information comprises the information included in the Company's annual report but does not include the standalone financial statements and our auditor's report thereon. Our opinion on the standalone financial statements does not cover the other information and we do not express any form of assurance conclusion thereon.

Management's Responsibility for the Standalone Financial Statements

The Company's Board of Directors is responsible for the matters stated in section 134(5) of the Act with respect to the preparation of these standalone financial statements that give a true and



fair view of the financial position, financial performance, including other comprehensive income, cash flows and changes in equity of the Company in accordance with the accounting principles generally accepted in India, including the Indian Accounting Standards ('Ind AS') specified under section 133 of the Act. This responsibility also includes maintenance of adequate accounting records in accordance with the provisions of the Act for safeguarding the assets of the Company and for preventing and detecting frauds and other irregularities; selection and application of appropriate accounting policies; making judgments and estimates that are reasonable and prudent; and the design, implementation and maintenance of adequate internal financial controls, that were operating effectively for ensuring the accuracy and completeness of the accounting records, relevant to the preparation and presentation of the standalone financial statements that give a true and fair view and are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Standalone Financial Statements

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the standalone financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditor's report that includes our opinion. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance, but is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with SAs will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. Misstatements can arise from fraud or error and are considered material if, individually or in the aggregate, they could reasonably be expected to influence the economic decisions of users taken on the basis of these standalone financial statements.

As part of an audit in accordance with SAs, we exercise professional judgment and maintain professional scepticism throughout the audit. We also:

- Identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the standalone financial statements, whether due to fraud or error, design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks, and obtain audit evidence that is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion. The risk of not detecting a material misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control.
- Obtain an understanding of internal control relevant to the audit in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances. Under section 143(3)(i) of the Act, we are also responsible for expressing our opinion on whether the Company has adequate internal financial controls with reference to financial statements in place and the operating effectiveness of such controls.
- Evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of accounting estimates and related disclosures made by management.
- Conclude on the appropriateness of management's use of the going concern basis of accounting and, based on the audit evidence obtained, whether a material uncertainty exists related to events or conditions that may cast significant doubt on the Company's ability to continue as a going concern.
- Evaluate the overall presentation, structure and content of the standalone financial statements, including the disclosures, and whether the standalone financial statements represent the underlying transactions and events in a manner that achieves fair presentation.



We communicate with those charged with governance regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit and significant audit findings, including any significant deficiencies in internal control that we identify during our audit.

Report on Other Legal and Regulatory Requirements

1. As required by the Companies (Auditor's Report) Order, 2020 ('the Order'), issued by the Central Government in terms of section 143(11) of the Act, we give in 'Annexure A' a statement on the matters specified in paragraphs 3 and 4 of the Order.

2. As required by Section 143(3) of the Act, we report that:

- (a) We have sought and obtained all the information and explanations which to the best of our knowledge and belief were necessary for the purposes of our audit.
- (b) In our opinion, proper books of account as required by law have been kept by the Company.
- (c) The Balance Sheet, the Statement of Profit and Loss including Other Comprehensive Income, the Statement of Changes in Equity and the Statement of Cash Flows dealt with by this Report are in agreement with the books of account.
- (d) In our opinion, the aforesaid standalone financial statements comply with the Accounting Standards specified under Section 133 of the Act.
- (e) On the basis of written representations received from the directors as on 31st March 2025, none of the directors is disqualified as on that date from being appointed as a director in terms of Section 164(2) of the Act.
- (f) With respect to the adequacy of the internal financial controls with reference to financial statements of the Company and the operating effectiveness of such controls, refer to our separate report in 'Annexure B'.
- (g) With respect to the other matters to be included in the Auditor's Report in accordance with Rule 11 of the Companies (Audit and Auditors) Rules, 2014, in our opinion and to the best of our information and according to the explanations given to us:
 - i. The Company does not have any pending litigations on its financial position in its Financial Statements.
 - ii. The Company did not have any long-term contracts including derivative contracts for which there were any material foreseeable losses.
 - iii. There were no amounts which were required to be transferred to the Investor Education and Protection Fund.
 - iv. Management has represented that no funds have been advanced or loaned or invested by the Company to or in any other persons or entities, including foreign entities ('Intermediaries'), with the understanding that the Intermediary shall directly or indirectly lend or invest in other persons or entities identified by or on behalf of the Company ('Ultimate Beneficiaries') or provide any guarantee, security or the like on behalf of the Ultimate Beneficiaries.
 - v. The Company has not received any funds from any persons or entities, including foreign entities ('Funding Parties'), with the understanding that the Company shall directly or indirectly lend or invest in other persons or entities identified by or on behalf of the Funding Party ('Ultimate Beneficiaries') or provide any guarantee, security or the like on behalf of the Ultimate



Beneficiaries.

vi. The company has not declared or paid any dividend during the year.

For A D V & Associates

Chartered Accountants

Firm Registration No. 128045W



CA Vijay Jaju

Partner

Membership No. 613332

Place: Mumbai

Date: 26/05/2025

UDIN: 25613332BMLEQD4120



Annexure A to the Independent Auditor's Report

(Referred to in paragraph 2(f) under 'Report on Other Legal and Regulatory Requirements')

We have audited the internal financial controls with reference to financial statements of Own Web Solutions Private Limited as of 31st March 2025

Management's Responsibility for Internal Financial Controls

The Board of Directors of the Company is responsible for establishing and maintaining internal financial controls based on the internal control over financial reporting criteria established by the Company considering the essential components of internal control stated in the Guidance Note on Audit of Internal Financial Controls Over Financial Reporting issued by the Institute of Chartered Accountants of India. These responsibilities include the design, implementation and maintenance of adequate internal financial controls that were operating effectively for ensuring the orderly and efficient conduct of its business, including adherence to respective company's policies, the safeguarding of its assets, the prevention and detection of frauds and errors, the accuracy and completeness of the accounting records, and the timely preparation of reliable financial information, as required under the Companies Act, 2013

Auditor's Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express an opinion on the internal financial controls over financial reporting of the Company based on our audit. We conducted our audit in accordance with the Guidance Note on Audit of Internal Financial Controls Over Financial Reporting (the "Guidance Note") issued by the Institute of Chartered Accountants of India and the Standards on Auditing prescribed under Section 143(10) of the Companies Act, 2013, to the extent applicable to an audit of internal financial controls. Those Standards and the Guidance Note require that we comply with ethical requirements and plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether adequate internal financial controls over financial reporting was established and maintained and if such controls operated effectively in all material respects.

Our audit involves performing procedures to obtain audit evidence about the adequacy of the internal financial controls system over financial reporting and their operating effectiveness. Our audit of internal financial controls over financial reporting included obtaining an understanding of internal financial controls over financial reporting, assessing the risk that a material weakness exists, and testing and evaluating the design and operating effectiveness of internal control based on the assessed risk.

The procedures selected depend on the auditor's judgement, including the assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error.

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained, is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinion on the internal financial controls system over financial reporting of the Company.



Meaning of Internal Financial Controls

A company's internal financial control over financial reporting is a process designed to provide reasonable assurance regarding the reliability of financial reporting and the preparation of financial statements for external purposes in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles. A company's internal financial control over financial reporting includes those policies and procedures that (1) pertain to the maintenance of records that, in reasonable detail, accurately and fairly reflect the transactions and dispositions of the assets of the company; (2) provide reasonable assurance that transactions are recorded as necessary to permit preparation of financial statements in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles, and that receipts and expenditures of the company are being made only in accordance with authorizations of management and directors of the company; and (3) provide reasonable assurance regarding prevention or timely detection of unauthorized acquisition, use, or disposition of the company's assets that could have a material effect on the financial statements.

Limitations of Internal Financial Controls Over Financial Reporting

Because of the inherent limitations of internal financial controls over financial reporting, including the possibility of collusion or improper management override of controls, material misstatements due to error or fraud may occur and not be detected.

Also, projections of any evaluation of the internal financial controls over financial reporting to future periods are subject to the risk that the internal financial control over financial reporting may become inadequate because of changes in conditions, or that the degree of compliance with the policies or procedures may deteriorate.

Opinion

In our opinion, to the best of our information and according to the explanations given to us, the Company has, in all material respects, an adequate internal financial controls system over financial reporting and such internal financial controls over financial reporting were operating effectively as at March 31, 2025, based on the internal control over financial reporting criteria established by the Company considering the essential components of internal control stated in the Guidance Note on Audit of Internal Financial Controls Over Financial Reporting issued by the Institute of Chartered Accountants of India.

For A D V & Associates

Chartered Accountants

Firm Registration No. 128045W



CA Vijay Jaju

Partner

Membership No. 613332

Place: Mumbai

Date: 26/05/2025

UDIN: 25613332BMLEQD4120



Annexure B to the Independent Auditor's Report

Referred to in paragraph 1 under 'Report on Other Legal and Regulatory Requirements' section of our report to the Members of Own Web Solutions Private Limited

Clause-wise reporting under CARO 2020 covering all 21 points:

1. In respect of the Company's Property, Plant and Equipment's and Intangible Assets:

The Company does not own any Property, Plant and Equipment or Intangible Assets. Accordingly, reporting under clause 3(i)(a) to 3(i)(e) of the Order is not applicable.

2. Inventory and working capital.

- a) The Company being a service Company, primarily rendering information technology services, it does not hold any physical inventories. Accordingly, the provisions of clause 3(ii) of the Order are not applicable to the Company.
- b) The company has not been sanctioned working capital limits in excess of five crore rupees (at any point of time during the year), in aggregate, from banks or financial institutions on the basis of security of current assets; quarterly returns or statements filed by the company with such banks or financial institutions are in agreement with the books of account of the Company.

3. During the year the company has made investments in, provided any guarantee or security and granted loans or advances in the nature of loans, secured or unsecured, to companies, firms, Limited Liability Partnerships or any other parties:

- a) During the year the company has not made investments subsidiary company.
- b) During the year the company has not provided loans or provided advances in the nature of loans, or stood guarantee, or provided security to subsidiary company.
- c) During the year the company has not provided loans or provided advances in the nature of loans, or stood guarantee, or provided security to other than subsidiary company:
- d) According to the information and explanation given to us, the terms and conditions of the grant of loans and advances in the nature of loans and guarantees provided are not prejudicial to the company's interest;
- e) Schedule of repayment of the principal amount and the payment of the interest have not been stipulated and hence we are unable to comment as to whether receipt of the principal amount and the interest is regular;
- f) Schedule of repayment of the principal amount and the payment of the interest have not been stipulated and hence we are unable comment as whether the amount is overdue.



- g) According to the information and explanation given to us, in respect of any loan or advance in the nature of loan granted which has fallen due during the year, none has been renewed or extended or fresh loans granted to settle the over dues of existing loans given to the same parties;
- h) The company has granted loans or advances in the nature of loans either repayable on demand or without specifying any terms or period of repayment, required details in respect thereof are as below:

Particulars	Related Parties	Other than related Parties
Aggregate amount of loans/ advances in nature of Agreement does not specify any terms or period of repayment	4825.16	55.93
Percentage of loans/ advances in nature of loans to the total loans	98.85%	1.16%

4. In our opinion and according to the information and explanations given to us, the company has complied with the provisions of Section 185 and 186 of the Companies Act, 2013 In respect of loans, investments, guarantees, and security.
5. The Company has not accepted deposits during the year and does not have any unclaimed deposits as at 31st March, 2025 and therefore, the provisions of the clause 3 (v) of the Order are not applicable to the Company.
6. To the best of our knowledge and belief, the Central Government has not specified maintenance of cost records under sub-section (1) of Section 148 of the Act, in respect of Company's products/ services. Accordingly, the provisions of clause 3(vi) of the Order are not applicable.
7. (a) According to information and explanations given to us and on the basis of our examination of the books of account, and records, the Company has been generally regular in depositing undisputed statutory dues including Provident Fund, Employees State Insurance, Income-Tax, Sales tax, Service Tax, Duty of Customs, Duty of Excise, Value added Tax, Cess, GST and any other statutory dues with the appropriate authorities. No undisputed amounts in respect of the aforesaid statutory dues were outstanding as at the last day of the financial year for a period of more than six months from the date they became payable.
- (b) According to records of the company, there are no statutory dues which have not been deposited on account of any dispute.
8. According to the information and explanations given to us and the records of the Company examined by us, there are no transactions in the books of account that has been surrendered or disclosed as income during the year in the tax assessments under the Income Tax Act, 1961, that has not been recorded in the books of account
9. (a) According to the information and explanation given to us, the company has not defaulted in repayment of loans or other borrowings or in the payment of interest thereon to any lender during the



year.

- (b) Company is not declared willful defaulter by any bank or financial institution or other lender,
- (c) According to the information and explanation given to us, term loans were applied for the purpose for which the loans were obtained
- (d) According to the information and explanation given to us, funds raised on short term basis have not been utilized for long term purposes;
- (e) According to the information and explanation given to us, the company has not taken any funds from any entity or person on account of or to meet the obligations of its subsidiaries, associates or joint ventures;
- (f) According to the information and explanation given to us, the company has not raised loans during the year on the pledge of securities held in its subsidiaries, joint ventures or associate companies;

10. (a) In our opinion, and according to the information and explanations given to us, the Company has not raised money by way of initial public offer or further public offer.

(b) The company has not made preferential allotment of shares warrants or private placement or fully or partially or optionally converted debentures during the year.

11. (a) Based upon the audit procedures performed and the information and explanations given by the management, we report that no fraud by the Company or on the Company by its officers or employees has been noticed or reported during the year.

(b) No report under sub-section (12) of section 143 of the Companies Act has been filed in Form ADT-4 as prescribed under rule 13 of Companies (Audit and Auditors) Rules, 2014 with the Central Government, during the year and upto the date of this report.

(c) According to the information and explanation given to us, no whistle-blower complaints, received during the year by the company;

12. In our opinion, the Company is not a Nidhi Company. Therefore, the provisions of clause 3 (xii) of the Order are not applicable to the Company

13. In our opinion, all transactions with the related parties are in compliance with section 177 and 188 of Companies Act, 2013 and the details have been disclosed in the Financial Statements as required by the applicable accounting standards.

14. Internal Audit System & Report:

- a) According to the information and explanations given to us, the company has an internal audit system commensurate with the size and nature of its business;
 - b) We have considered the reports of the Internal Auditors for the period under audit;
15. Based upon the audit procedures performed and the information and explanations given by the management, the company has not entered into any non-cash transactions with directors or persons connected with him. Accordingly, the provisions of clause 3 (xv) of the Order are not applicable to the Company and hence not commented upon.



16. (a) In our opinion, the Company is not required to be registered under section 45-IA of the Reserve Bank of India Act, 1934. Hence, reporting under clause 3(xvi)(a) of the Order is not applicable.

(b) The Company has not conducted non-banking financial / housing finance activities during the year. Accordingly, the reporting under Clause 3(xvi)(b) of the Order is not applicable to the Company.

(c) The Company is not a Core Investment Company (CIC) as defined in the regulations made by the Reserve Bank of India. Accordingly, the reporting under Clause 3(xvi)(c) of the Order is not applicable to the Company.

(d) In our opinion, there is no core investment company within the Group (as defined in the Core Investment Companies (Reserve Bank) Directions, 2016) and accordingly reporting under clause 3(xvi)(d) of the Order is not applicable.

17. The Company has not incurred cash losses during the financial year covered by our audit and the immediately preceding financial year.

18. There has been no resignation of the statutory auditors of the Company during the year.

19. On the basis of the financial ratios, ageing and expected dates of realization of financial assets and payment of financial liabilities, other information accompanying the financial statements and our knowledge of the Board of Directors and Management plans and based on our examination of the evidence supporting the assumptions, nothing has come to our attention, which causes us to believe that any material uncertainty exists as on the date of the audit report indicating that Company is not capable of meeting its liabilities existing at the date of balance sheet as and when they fall due within a period of one year from the balance sheet date. We, however, state that this is not an assurance as to the future viability of the Company. We further state that our reporting is based on the facts up to the date of the audit report and we neither give any guarantee nor any assurance that all liabilities falling due within a period of one year from the balance sheet date will get discharged by the Company as and when they fall due.

20. The provision of sub-section (5) of Section 135 of the Companies Act, 2013 not applicable to the company. Accordingly, clauses 3(xx)(a) and 3(xx)(b) of the Order are not applicable



21. The reporting under clause 3(xxi) of the Order is not applicable in respect of the audit of Standalone Financial Statements and hence no comment in respect of the said clause has been included in this report.

For A D V & Associates

Chartered Accountants

Firm Registration No. 128045W



CA Vijay Jaju

Partner

Membership No. 613332

Place: Mumbai

Date: 26/05/2025

UDIN: 25613332BMLEQD4120



OWN WEB SOLUTIONS PRIVATE LIMITED				
602 Avior Nirmal Galaxy L.B.S. Marg Opp. Johnson & Johnson Mulund (W) - 400080				
Corporate Identity Number : U72900MH2021PTC370371				
Audited Statement Of Standalone Balance Sheet As On 31st March 2025				
(₹ in '000)				
Sr. No.	Particulars	Note No.	Amount As At 31st March 2025	Amount As At 31st March 2024
(1)	ASSETS			
	Non-current Assets			
	(a) Property, Plant & Equipment		-	-
	(b) Capital work-in-progress		-	-
	(c) Investment Property		-	-
	(d) Goodwill		-	-
	(e) Other Intangible Assets		-	-
	(f) Right of use assets		-	-
	(g) Financial Assets		-	-
	(i) Investment in Subsidiaries		-	-
	(ii) Investment in Others		-	-
	(ii) Trade Receivables		-	-
	(iii) Loans		-	-
	(iv) Other Financial Assets		-	-
	(h) Deferred Tax assets (net)		280.76	-
	(i) Other non-current assets		-	-
	Total Non-current assets		280.76	-
(2)	Current Assets			
	(a) Inventories		-	-
	(b) Financial Assets		-	-
	(i) Investments		-	-
	(ii) Trade Receivables	1	6,445.62	1,620.50
	(iii) Cash & Cash Equivalents	2	322.67	157.09
	(iv) Bank Balances other than (iii) above		-	-
	(v) Loans	3	4,881.09	5,167.95
	(c) Current Tax Assets (net)		202.04	-
	(d) Other current assets	4	1,705.09	845.24
	Total Current Assets		13,556.51	7,790.78
	Total Assets (1+2)		13,837.27	7,790.78
(1)	EQUITY AND LIABILITIES			
	EQUITY			
	(a) Equity Share Capital	5	100.00	100.00
	(b) Other Equity	6	6,423.45	4,174.41
	Total Equity		6,523.45	4,274.41
(2)	LIABILITIES			
	Non-current Liabilities			
	(a) Financial Liabilities		-	-
	(i) Borrowings		-	-
	(ii) Trade Payables		-	-
	(iii) Lease Liabilities		-	-
	(iv) Other financial Liabilities		-	-
	(b) Provisions	7	1,325.83	1,651.35
	(c) Deferred Tax liabilities (Net)		-	-
	(d) Other Non-current liabilities		-	-
	Total Non-current liabilities		1,325.83	1,651.35
(3)	Current Liabilities			
	(a) Financial Liabilities			
	(i) Borrowings	8	2,728.14	331.31
	(ii) Trade Payables		-	-
	-Dues of micro and small enterprises		-	-
	-Dues of others	9	1,186.21	405.64
	(iii) Lease Liabilities		-	-
	(iv) Other financial Liabilities		-	-
	(b) Current tax liabilities (net)	10	381.90	415.05
	(c) Provisions	11	590.42	576.49
	(d) Other current liabilities	12	1,101.31	136.54
	Total Current liabilities		5,987.99	1,865.02
	Total Equity and Liabilities (1+2+3)		13,837.27	7,790.78
SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES				
See accompanying Notes to the Financial Statements 19				
Notes referred to above and Notes to Accounts attached there to form an integral part of the Audited Financial Statement				
This is the Statement of Assets and Liabilities referred to in our Report of even date.				
FOR ADV & ASSOCIATES			FOR OWN WEB SOLUTIONS PRIVATE LIMITED	
Chartered Accountants			Lmk	
FRN: 128045W MRN: 613332			Purush	
CA Rajay Raju			Hirenkumar Shah	
Partner			Director	
UDIN: 256135528MLEQ04120			DIN: 00092739	
Place: Mumbai			Resiklal Shah	
Date: 26.05.2025			Director	
			DIN: 00091585	



OWN WEB SOLUTIONS PRIVATE LIMITED

602 Avior Nirmal Galaxy L.B.S. Marg Opp. Johnson & Johnson Mulund (W) - 400080
Corporate Identity Number : U72900MH2021PTC370371

Audited Standalone Statement Of Profit And Loss For The Year Ended March 31, 2025

Sr.No.	Particulars	Note No.	(₹ in '000, except EPS)	
			Year ended	
			31-Mar-25 (Audited)	31-Mar-24 (Audited)
	<u>Revenue:</u>			
I	Revenue From Operations (Net of Taxes)	13	48,447.18	40,884.50
II	Other Income	14	453.55	732.48
III	Total Income (III)		48,900.73	41,616.98
	<u>Expenses:</u>			
IV	Direct Service Expense	15	22,876.25	21,026.50
	Employment Benefit Cost	16	21,502.88	15,657.23
	Finance Cost	17	177.56	164.96
	Depreciation and Amortisation		-	-
	Other Expenses	18	2,571.63	3,248.70
	Total Expenses (IV)		47,128.32	40,097.38
V	Profit before exceptional items and tax (III-IV)		1,772.42	1,519.59
VI	Exceptional Items			
VII	Profit before tax (V-VI)		1,772.42	1,519.59
VIII	<u>Tax expense:</u>			
	(1) Income Tax Provision			
	Current Tax		485.43	415.05
	Excess / Short Provision		-56.18	3.51
	(2) Deferred tax		-437.93	-
IX	Profit for the period (VII-VIII)		1,781.10	1,101.04
X	Other Comprehensive Income			
	(i) Items that will not be reclassified to Profit or Loss		624.47	-
	(ii) Income tax relating to above		-157.17	-
XI	Total Comprehensive Income (IX-X)		2,562.74	1,101.04
XII	Paid-up equity share capital (Face value of Rs. 10/- each)		100.00	100.00
XIII	Other Equity			
XIV	Earning per Equity Share (of Rs. 10/- each) (not annualised)			
	(1) Basic		256.27	110.10
	(2) Diluted		256.27	110.10

SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

See accompanying Notes to the Financial Statements

19

Notes referred to above and Notes to Accounts attached there to form an Integral part of the Audited Financial Statement

This is the Statement of Assets and Liabilities referred to in our Report of even date.

FOR ADV & ASSOCIATES

Chartered Accountants

FRN: 128045W | MRN: 611401



CA Vijay Jaju

Partner

UDIN: 25613332BMLEQD4120

Place: Mumbai

Date: 26.05.2025



FOR OWN WEB SOLUTIONS PRIVATE LIMITED



Hirenkumar Shah

Director

DIN: 00092739



Rasiklal Shah

Director

DIN: 00091585



OWN WEB SOLUTIONS PRIVATE LIMITED

602 Avior Nirmal Galaxy I.B.S. Marg Opp. Johnson & Johnson Mulund (W) - 400080

Corporate Identity Number : U72900MH2021PTC370371

Audited Standalone Cashflow Statement As On 31st March 2025

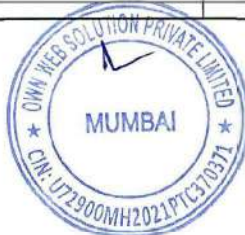
(₹ in '000)			
Particulars		Amount As At 31st March 2025	Amount As At 31st March 2024
A : Cash flows from operating activities:			
Profit before taxation	(a)	1,772.42	1,519.59
Add: Non Operating Expense		-	-
Depreciation & Amortisation		-	-
Capital Work in Process		-	-
Interest expense		177.56	164.96
	(b)	177.56	164.96
Less: Non Operating Income		-	-
Other non Operating Income (Inclusive of interest income)		453.55	732.48
	(c)	453.55	732.48
Operating profit before working capital changes	d=(a+b-c)	1,496.42	952.07
Working capital changes:			
Decrease/(Increase) in Trade Receivables		-4,825.12	274.14
Decrease/(Increase) in Other Financial Assets		-	-
Decrease/(Increase) in Loans & advances (Assets)		286.86	10,239.79
Decrease/(Increase) in Other Current Assets		-859.85	29.73
Increase/(Decrease) in Short Term Borrowing		2,396.83	-525.46
Increase/(Decrease) in Trade Payables		780.58	-13,114.80
Increase/(Decrease) in Current Tax Liabilities		-235.19	-260.69
Increase/(Decrease) in Other Financial Liabilities		-	-
Increase/(Decrease) in Other Current Liabilities		964.77	126.05
Increase/(Decrease) in Short Term Provisions		313.52	2,227.84
Increase/(Decrease) in Adjustments in Provisions		-	-
	(e)	-1,177.60	-1,003.39
Cash generated from operations	(d+e)	318.82	-51.32
(-) Taxes paid		-429.24	-418.56
Net cash used in operating activities	(A)	-110.42	-469.87
B : Cash flows from investing activities:			
Fixed asset (Addition)/Deduction		-	-
Other Non Operating Income (Inclusive of interest income)		453.55	732.48
Investment		-	-
Investment in Others		-	-
Net cash Generated from investing activities	(B)	453.55	732.48
C : Cash flows from financing activities:			
Proceeds from issue of Share Warrants		-	-
Proceeds for business combination		-	-
Expenses of business combination directly Transfer to reserve		-	-
Increase/(Decrease) in Long Term Borrowings		-	-
Dividend Paid		-	-
Increase/(Decrease) in Lease Liabilities		-	-
Increase/(Decrease) in Other Long Term Liabilities		-	-
Interest Expenses		-177.56	-164.96
Net cash generated from financing activities	(C)	-177.56	-164.96
D : Net increase in cash and cash equivalents = (A+B+C)	D=(A+B+C)	165.58	97.65
E : Cash and cash equivalents at beginning of period	(E)	157.09	59.44
F : Cash and cash equivalents at end of period = (D+E)	(D+E)	322.67	157.09
Note:			
Cash and Cash Equivalents Comprises of:			
Particulars		Amount As At 31st March 2025	Amount As At 31st March 2024
Balance with Banks			
(i) In Current Accounts		322.67	157.09
(ii) In Deposit Accounts		-	-
Cash on Hand		-	-
Cash & Cash Equivalents:		322.67	157.09
SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES			
See accompanying Notes to the Financial Statements			
Notes referred to above and Notes to Accounts, attached thereto form an integral part of the Audited Financial Statement			
This is the Statement of Assets and Liabilities referred to in our Report of even date.			
FOR ADV & ASSOCIATES Chartered Accountants FRN: 128045W MARN: 611401  CA Vijay Jaju Partner UDIN: 25613332BMLEQD4120 Place: Mumbai Date: 26.05.2025  FOR OWN WEB SOLUTIONS PRIVATE LIMITED  Hirenkumar Shah Director DIN: 00092739  Rasiklal Shah Director DIN: 00091585			



OWN WEB SOLUTIONS PRIVATE LIMITED			
Notes Forming Integral Part of Standalone Balance Sheet as at 31st March, 2025			
(₹ in '000)			
Note 1 : Trade Receivables			
Sr. No.	Particulars	Amount As At 31st March, 2025	Amount As At 31st March, 2024
1	Sundry Debtors	6,445.62	1,620.50
	Total Value in INR	6,445.62	1,620.50
Figures For the Current Reporting Period			
Sr. No.	Particulars	Amount As At 31st March, 2025	Amount As At 31st March, 2024
(i)	Undisputed Trade Receivables- Considered Goods		
	Less than 6 Months	5,696.88	1,620.50
	6 Months - 1Year	6.31	-
	1-2 Years	742.43	-
	2-3 Years	-	-
	More than 3 Years	-	-
		6,445.62	1,620.50
(ii)	Undisputed Trade Receivables- Considered Doubtful		
	Less than 6 Months	-	-
	6 Months - 1Year	-	-
	1-2 Years	-	-
	2-3 Years	-	-
	More than 3 Years	-	-
(iii)	Disputed Trade Receivables- Considered Goods		
	Less than 6 Months	-	-
	6 Months - 1Year	-	-
	1-2 Years	-	-
	2-3 Years	-	-
	More than 3 Years	-	-
(iv)	Disputed Trade Receivables- Considered Doubtful		
	Less than 6 Months	-	-
	6 Months - 1Year	-	-
	1-2 Years	-	-
	2-3 Years	-	-
	More than 3 Years	-	-
(v)	Others		
	Less than 6 Months	-	-
	6 Months - 1Year	-	-
	1-2 Years	-	-
	2-3 Years	-	-
	More than 3 Years	-	-
		-	-
	Total Value in INR	6,445.62	1,620.50
Note 2 : Cash & Cash Equivalent			
Sr. No.	Particulars	Amount As At 31st March, 2025	Amount As At 31st March, 2024
1	Bank Balances - in current accounts	322.67	157.09
2	Cash Balance	-	-
3	Fixed Deposits - More Than 3 Months But Less Than 12 Months	-	-
	Total Value in INR	322.67	157.09
Note 3 : Loans			
Sr. No.	Particulars	Amount As At 31st March, 2025	Amount As At 31st March, 2024
1	Loan to Directors	-	-
2	Loans & Advances to Others	55.93	-
3	Loan to Related Parties	4,825.16	5,167.95
	Total Value in INR	4,881.09	5,167.95
Note 4 : Other Current Assets			
Sr. No.	Particulars	Amount As At 31st March, 2025	Amount As At 31st March, 2024
1	Advance to Vendors	1,075.04	-
2	TDS & GST Receivable	630.05	845.24
	Total Value in INR	1,705.09	845.24



OWN WEB SOLUTIONS PRIVATE LIMITED				
Notes Forming Integral Part of Standalone Balance Sheet as at 31st March, 2025				
(₹ in '000)				
Note 5 : Equity Share Capital				
Sr. No.	Particulars	Amount As At 31st March, 2025	Amount As At 31st March, 2024	
1	AUTHORIZED CAPITAL Equity Shares of 10/- each.	1,500.00	1,500.00	
		1,500.00	1,500.00	
2	ISSUED, SUBSCRIBED & PAID UP CAPITAL To the Subscribers of the Memorandum Equity Shares of 10/- each fully paid up.	100.00	100.00	
	Total Value in INR	100.00	100.00	
Note 6 : Reserves & Surplus				
Sr. No.	Particulars	Amount As At 31st March, 2025	Amount As At 31st March, 2024	
1	Surplus from Profit & Loss Account Opening Balances	4,174.41	3,073.37	
	Add: Profit/(Loss) for the period	1,781.10	1,101.04	
	Add: Other Retained Earnings	0.64	-	
	Add: OCI Reserves	467.30	-	
	Total Value in INR	6,423.45	4,174.41	
Note 7 : Non-Current Provisions				
Sr. No.	Particulars	Amount As At 31st March, 2025	Amount As At 31st March, 2024	
1	Provision for Gratuity - Non Current	1,148.71	1,490.41	
2	Provision for Leave Encashment - Non Current	177.12	160.94	
	Total Value in INR	1,325.83	1,651.35	
Note 8 : Short Term Borrowing				
Sr. No.	Particulars	Amount As At 31st March, 2025	Amount As At 31st March, 2024	
1	Unsecured Loan from Related Parties Loan from Directors	-	-	
	Loan from Other Related Parties	-	331.31	
	Loan from Related Parties	2,728.14	-	
	Loan from Others	-	-	
2	Secured Loans repayable on demand Loan from Banks (Secured Against Deposits)	-	-	
	Total Value in INR (A+B)	2,728.14	331.31	
Note 9 : Trades Payable				
Sr. No.	Particulars	Amount As At 31st March, 2025	Amount As At 31st March, 2024	
1	Sundry Creditors -Dues of micro and small enterprises -Dues of others	- 1,186.21	- 405.64	
	Total Value in INR	1,186.21	405.64	
Figures for the Current Reporting Period				
Sr. No.	Particulars	Amount As At 31st March, 2025	Amount As At 31st March, 2024	
(i)	MSME Less than 1 Year 1-2 Years 2-3 Years More than 3 Years	- - - - -	- - - - -	
(ii)	Others Less than 1 Year 1-2 Years 2-3 Years More than 3 Years	- 771,124.41 415,086.56 - -	- 405,636.66 - - -	
(iii)	Dispute dues-MSME Less than 1 Year 1-2 Years 2-3 Years More than 3 Years	- - - - -	- - - - -	
(iv)	Dispute dues Less than 1 Year 1-2 Years 2-3 Years More than 3 Years	- - - - -	- - - - -	
(v)	Others Less than 1 Year 1-2 Years 2-3 Years More than 3 Years	- - - - -	- - - - -	
	Total	1,186,210.97	405,635.55	
Note 10 : Current Tax Liabilities				
Sr. No.	Particulars	Amount As At 31st March, 2025	Amount As At 31st March, 2024	
1	Provision for Income Tax AY 2024-25	381.90	415.05	
	Total Value in INR	381.90	415.05	
Note 11 : Current Provisions				
Sr. No.	Particulars	Amount As At 31st March, 2025	Amount As At 31st March, 2024	
1	Salary Payable	72.73	-	
2	Gratuity & Leave Encashment Provision (Current): Provision for Gratuity Provision for Leave Encashment	307.84 209.85	398.02 178.48	
	Total Value in INR	590.42	576.49	
Note 12 : Other Current Liabilities				
Sr. No.	Particulars	Amount As At 31st March, 2025	Amount As At 31st March, 2024	
1	Statutory Liability	289.66	136.54	
2	Advance From Customer	811.65	-	
	Total Value in INR	1,101.31	136.54	



OWN WEB SOLUTIONS PRIVATE LIMITED

Notes Forming Integral Part of Standalone Balance Sheet as at 31st March, 2025

Note 5A: Share Capital

(₹ in '000)

Particulars	Figures as at the end of current		Figures as at the end of previous	
	Number of shares	2024-25	Number of shares	2023-24
(a) Authorised 150000 Equity shares of Rs.10/- each with voting rights	150,000	100%	150,000	100%
(b) Issued, Subscribed and Paid up 10000 Equity shares of Rs.10 each with voting rights	10,000	100%	10,000	100%
Total	10,000	100.00%	10,000	100.00%

List of Shareholders holding more than 5% share capital

Name of Shareholders	No. of Shares	%	Value/Share	Total Value
1. Vertoz Limited (Being Holding Company) 9999 Eq. Shares of Rs.10/- each	9,999	99.99%	10	99.99
Total	9,999	99.99%	10	99.99

Note 5B: Shares Held By Promoters

Current Reporting Period

Sr No.	Promotor's Name	No of shares	% of total shares	% Change during the year
1	Vertoz Limited	9,999	99.99%	0
2	Hirenkumar Shah (as a nominee of Vertoz Limited)	1	0.01%	0

Previous Reporting Period

Sr No.	Promotor's Name	No of shares	% of total shares	% Change during the year
1	Vertoz Limited	9,999	99.99%	0
2	Hirenkumar Shah (as a nominee of Vertoz Limited)	1	0.01%	0

Note 5C: Statcmnts Of Changes In Equity

Current Reporting Period

Balance at the beginning of the current reporting period	Changes in Equity Share Capital due to prior period error	Related Balance at the beiginning of the current reporting period	Changes in Equity Share Capital during the current year	Balance at the end of the current reporting period
100.00	-	100.00	-	100.00

Previous Reporting Period

Balance at the beginning of the current reporting period	Changes in Equity Share Capital due to prior period error	Related Balance at the beiginning of the current reporting period	Changes in Equity Share Capital during the current year	Balance at the end of the current reporting period
100.00	-	100.00	-	100.00



OWN WEB SOLUTIONS PRIVATE LIMITED			
Notes Forming Integral Part of Standalone Profit and Loss Statement as at 31st March, 2025			
(₹ in '000)			
Note 13 : Revenue From Operations			
Sr. No.	Particulars	Amount As At 31st March, 2025	Amount As At 31st March, 2024
1	Sale of Services	48,447.18	40,884.50
	Total Value in INR	48,447.18	40,884.50
Note 14 : Income From Non Operation			
Sr. No.	Particulars	Amount As At 31st March, 2025	Amount As At 31st March, 2024
1	Other Income	330.08	70.68
2	Foreign Exchange Gain	123.47	661.81
	Total Value in INR	453.55	732.48
Note 15 : Direct Service Expenses			
Sr. No.	Particulars	Amount As At 31st March, 2025	Amount As At 31st March, 2024
1	Direct Service Expenses	22,788.51	21,026.50
2	Software Purchase	87.73	-
	Total Value in INR	22,876.25	21,026.50
Note 16 : Employment Benefit Cost			
Sr. No.	Particulars	Amount As At 31st March, 2025	Amount As At 31st March, 2024
1	Salaries and Incentives	21,186.09	15,657.23
2	Gratuity & Leave Encashment Expense	316.79	-
	Total Value in INR	21,502.88	15,657.23
Note 17 : Finance Cost			
Sr. No.	Particulars	Amount As At 31st March, 2025	Amount As At 31st March, 2024
1	Bank Charges	177.56	164.96
	Total Value in INR	177.56	164.96
Note 18 : Other Expenses			
Sr. No.	Particulars	Amount As At 31st March, 2025	Amount As At 31st March, 2024
1	Audit Fees	30.00	30.00
2	Accounts Written off	-21.36	3.60
3	Affiliate/ Commission	-	15.57
4	Interest/Penalty/Fee on Taxes	21.31	54.61
5	Lease Rent	120.00	10.00
6	Legal Charges	2.11	1,872.65
7	Marketing Expenses	17.44	72.18
8	Professional & Technical Fees	2,131.67	-
9	Repairs & Maintenance Expenses	-0.50	-
10	Rounding off	-0.76	-0.23
11	Staff Welfare	-	17.56
12	Telephone Expense	4.30	10.75
13	Travelling Expense (Domestic/International)	144.18	184.49
14	Utility Expense	-	249.94
15	Profession Tax Company	-	2.50
16	Foreign Exchange Loss	123.25	725.10
	Total Value in INR	2,571.63	3,248.70



OWN WEB SOLUTIONS PRIVATE LIMITED

Additional Notes To Form Of Integral Part Of Audited Financial Statements As On 31st March 2025

I Loans or Advances in the nature of loans are granted to promoters, directors, KMPs and the related parties (as defined under Companies Act, 2013.) either severally or jointly with any other person, that are:

(a) repayable on demand and/or

(b) without specifying any terms or period of repayment

Type of Borrower	Amount of loan and Advance in the nature of Loan outstanding	Percentage to the total Loans and Advances in the nature of loans
Promoters	-	0.00%
Directors	-	0.00%
KMPs	-	0.00%
Related Parties	4,825.16	98.85%

(₹ in '000)

II The company do not hold any Benami Property as on the date of this financial statements.

III The company do not have any relationship with any Struck off Companies as on date of this financials.

IV Ratios

Ratios	Numerator	Denominator	Current Reporting Period	Previous reporting period	% of Change
Debt Equity Ratio	Debt Capital	Shareholder's Equity	0.42	0.08	0.00
Debt Service Coverage Ratio	EBITDA-CAPEX	Debt Service (Int+Principal)	0.00	0.00	0.00
Return on Equity Ratio	Profit: for the year	Average Shareholder's Equity	0.33	0.30	0.12
Inventory Turnover Ratio	COGS	Average Inventory	0.00	0.00	0.00
Trade Receivables Turnover Ratio	Net Sales	Average trade receivables	12.01	23.26	-0.48
Trade Payables Turnover Ratio	Total Purchases (Fuel Cost + Other Expenses-Closing Inventory-Opening Inventory)	Closing Trade Payables	19.29	51.84	-0.63
Current Ratio	Current Assets	Current Liabilities	2.26	4.18	-0.46
Net Capital Turnover Ratio	Sales	Working capital (CA-CL)	6.40	6.90	-0.07
Net profit ratio	Net Profit	Sales	5.29%	2.69%	0.96
Return on Capital Employed	Earnings before interest and tax	Capital Employed	37.47%	39.33%	-0.05
Return on investment	Net Profit	Investment	0.00%	0.00%	0.00

V Utilisation of Borrowed funds and share premium:

- a) Borrowed Fund has been used for working capital and routine operation purpose of the company.
b) During this year there was no share premium received and/or utilised by the Company.



OWN WEB SOLUTION PRIVATE LIMITED

Notes forming part of the Financial Statements for the period ended 31st March 2025

BACKGROUND:

Own Web Solution Private Limited (the Company) was incorporated on October 27, 2021. This is the Fourth financial statement prepared for the Company and they relate to the period from April 1, 2024 to March 31, 2025. The Company provides Online Advertising Services, IT Related Business Services and other allied services to domestic/ overseas clients.

Note 19: SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES ADOPTED BY THE COMPANY:

a. Basis of preparation of financial statements:

These financial statements has been prepared in accordance with the Indian Accounting Standards (hereinafter referred to as the 'Ind AS') as notified by Ministry of Corporate Affairs pursuant to Section 133 of the Companies Act, 2013 ('Act') read with of the Companies (Indian Accounting Standards) Rules, 2015 as amended and other relevant provisions of the Act.

Accounting policies have been consistently applied except where a newly issued accounting standard is initially adopted or a revision to an existing accounting standard requires a change in the accounting policy hitherto in use.

These financial statements have been prepared and presented under the historical cost convention, on the accrual basis of accounting except for certain financial assets and financial liabilities that are measured at fair values at the end of each reporting period, as stated in the accounting policies set out below. The accounting policies have been applied consistently over all the periods presented in these financial statements.

b. Operating Cycle:

The Company is primarily engaged in the business of Online Digital Advertising Services the Company has considered its operating cycle as 12 months and all assets and liabilities have been classified as current or non-current as per the criteria set out in the Revised Schedule III to the new Companies Act, 2013.

c. Use of estimates:

The preparation of financial statements in conformity of Ind AS requires management to make judgments, estimates and assumptions that affect the application of accounting policies and the reported amounts of assets, liabilities, the disclosures of contingent assets and contingent liabilities at the date of financial statements, income and expenses during the period. Actual results may differ from these estimates. Estimates and underlying assumptions are reviewed on an ongoing basis. Revisions to accounting estimates are recognised in the period in which the estimates are revised and in future periods which are affected.

Application of accounting policies that require critical accounting estimates and assumption having the most significant effect on the amounts recognised in the financial statements are:

- Valuation of financial instruments
- Useful life of property, plant and equipment
- Provisions
- Recoverability of trade receivables

d. Current versus non-current classification:

The Company presents assets and liabilities in the balance sheet based on current/ non-current classification. An asset is treated as current when it is:

- Expected to be realised or intended to be sold or consumed in normal operating cycle
- Held primarily for the purpose of trading



OWN WEB SOLUTION PRIVATE LIMITED

Notes forming part of the Financial Statements for the period ended 31st March 2025

- Expected to be realised within twelve months after the reporting period, or
- Cash or cash equivalent unless restricted from being exchanged or used to settle a liability for at least twelve months after the reporting period.

All other assets are classified as non-current assets unless otherwise stated as current.

A liability is current when:

- It is expected to be settled in normal operating cycle
- It is held primarily for the purpose of trading
- It is due to be settled within twelve months after the reporting period, or
- There is no unconditional right to defer the settlement of the liability for at least twelve months after the reporting period.

The Company classifies all other liabilities as non-current unless otherwise stated as current.

Deferred tax assets and/or liabilities are classified as non-current assets and liabilities.

The operating cycle is the time between the acquisition of assets for processing and their realisation in cash and cash equivalents. The Company has identified twelve months as its operating cycle.

e. Fair value measurement:

All assets and liabilities for which fair value is measured or disclosed in the financial statements are categorised within the fair value hierarchy, described as follows, based on the lowest level input that is significant to the fair value measurement as a whole:

Level 1 - Quoted (unadjusted) market prices in active markets for identical assets or liabilities.

Level 2 - Valuation techniques for which the lowest level input that is significant to the fair value measurement is directly or indirectly observable.

Level 3 - Valuation techniques for which the lowest level input that is significant to the fair value measurement is unobservable.

For assets and liabilities that are recognised in the financial statements on a recurring basis, the Company determines whether transfers have occurred between levels in the hierarchy by re-assessing categorisation (based on the lowest level input that is significant to the fair value measurement as a whole) at the end of each reporting period.

The Company's Management determines the policies and procedures for both recurring fair value measurement, such as derivative instruments and unquoted financial assets measured at fair value, and for non-recurring measurement, such as assets held for distribution in discontinued operations.

At each reporting date, the Management analyses the movements in the values of assets and liabilities which are required to be remeasured or re-assessed as per the Company's accounting policies. For this analysis, the Management verifies the major inputs applied in the latest valuation by agreeing the information in the valuation computation to contracts and other relevant documents.

The Management also compares the change in the fair value of each asset and liability with relevant external sources to determine whether the change is reasonable.



For the purpose of fair value disclosures, the Company has determined classes of assets and liabilities on the basis of the nature, characteristics and risks of the asset or liability and the level of the fair value hierarchy as explained above.

This note summarises accounting policy for fair value. Other fair value related disclosures are given in the relevant notes.

Financial instruments (including those carried at amortised cost) (Note 34)

f. i) Property, plant and equipment

The Company does not own or control any property, plant and equipment as at the reporting date. Accordingly, no amount has been capitalised under this head in the financial statements, and no depreciation or impairment losses have been recognised.

As the Company does not hold any property, plant and equipment or capital work-in-progress, there are no expenditures incurred that are directly attributable to the acquisition or construction of tangible fixed assets. Similarly, no self-constructed assets exist, and therefore, there are no associated costs relating to materials, direct labour, or other expenses for bringing an asset to working condition for its intended use, nor any costs related to dismantling, removal, or site restoration. Further, the Company has not acquired any purchased software that is integral to the functionality of any equipment, and hence, no such amounts have been capitalized.

Subsequent Cost

As the Company does not hold any property, plant and equipment during the reporting period, there were no costs incurred towards replacement of parts or components of such assets. Consequently, no carrying amount has been recognised or de-recognised in respect of any replaced part, and no expenditure towards the day-to-day servicing of property, plant and equipment has been recognised in the Statement of Profit and Loss.

ii) Intangible assets

The Company does not hold any intangible assets during the reporting period. Accordingly, no amounts have been capitalised on account of system software or related costs such as license fees, implementation/system integration expenses, salaries, or maintenance costs, and no amortisation or impairment losses have been recognised in the financial statements.

g. Depreciation/ Amortization:

There are no fixed assets recorded in the books during the financial year. Accordingly, no depreciation/amortization has been provided as per the provisions of Schedule II to the Companies Act, 2013, which require depreciation based on the useful life of assets as prescribed under Section 123 read with Schedule II – Part C of the Act, 2013.

Derecognition of assets

As there are no items of property, plant and equipment recorded in the books during the financial year, the question of derecognition does not arise. Accordingly, no gain or loss on derecognition has been recognised in the income statement.

h. Impairment:

The carrying amounts of assets are reviewed at each balance sheet date to determine if there is any indication of impairment based on internal and external factors. An impairment loss is recognised wherever the carrying amount of an asset exceeds its recoverable amount. The recoverable amount is the greater of the asset's net selling price and value in use. In assessing value in use, the estimated future cash flows are discounted to their present value at the



OWN WEB SOLUTION PRIVATE LIMITED

Notes forming part of the Financial Statements for the period ended 31st March 2025

weighted average cost of capital. Reversal of impairment loss is recognised immediately as income in the Statement of Profit and Loss.

As there are no assets recorded in the books during the financial year, no impairment assessment was required. Accordingly, no impairment loss or reversal has been recognised in the Statement of Profit and Loss. Reversal of impairment loss is recognized immediately as income in the statement of profit and loss.

i. Leases:

Leases where the lessor effectively retains substantially all the risks and benefits of ownership of the leased term, are classified as operating leases. Operating lease payments are recognized as an expense in the statement of Profit and Loss on a straight-line basis over the lease term.

j. Revenue Recognition:

Revenue from contracts priced on a time and material basis are recognized when services are rendered and related costs are incurred.

Revenue from software implementation services is recognized on the achievement of the milestones or performance of the specified tasks/activities over the related period, as per the terms of the specific contract.

Revenue from deputation services is recognized on accrual basis as per the terms of contract.

k. Foreign Currency Transactions:

(i) Initial Recognition

Foreign currency transactions are recorded in the reporting currency, by applying to the foreign currency amount the exchange rate between the reporting currency and the foreign currency at the date of the transaction.

(ii) Conversion

Foreign currency monetary items are reported using the closing rate. Non-monetary items which are carried in terms of historical cost denominated in a foreign currency are reported using the exchange rate at the date of the transaction.

(iii) Exchange Differences

Exchange differences arising on the settlement of monetary items or on reporting company's monetary items at rates different from those at which they were initially recorded during the year, or reported in previous financial statements, are recognized as income or as expenses in the year in which they arise.

l. Taxation:

Income-tax expense comprises Current tax and Deferred tax charge or credit.

- (i) Provision for current tax is made on the assessable income at the tax rate applicable to the relevant assessment year. Minimum Alternate Tax (MAT) eligible for set off in subsequent years, (as per tax laws) is recognized as an asset by way of credit to the statement of Profit and Loss only if there is convincing evidence of its realisation. At each balance sheet date, the carrying amount of MAT Credit Entitlement receivable is reviewed to reassure realisation.

Current income tax relating to items recognised outside profit or loss is recognised outside profit or loss (either in other comprehensive income or in equity). Current tax items are recognised in correlation to the underlying transaction either in OCI or directly in equity. Management periodically evaluates positions taken in the tax



OWN WEB SOLUTION PRIVATE LIMITED

Notes forming part of the Financial Statements for the period ended 31st March 2025

returns with respect to situations in which applicable tax regulations are subject to interpretation and establishes provisions where appropriate.

- (ii) The Deferred Tax Asset and Deferred tax Liability is calculated by applying tax rate and tax laws that have been enacted or substantively enacted by the Balance Sheet date. Deferred Tax Assets arising mainly on account of brought forward losses and unabsorbed depreciation under tax laws are recognized, only if there is a virtual certainty of its realisation, supported by convincing evidence. Deferred tax Assets on account of other timing differences are recognized, only to the extent, there is a reasonable certainty of its realisation. At each Balance Sheet date, the carrying amount of Deferred tax Assets is reviewed to reassess realisation. Deferred tax relating to items recognised outside profit or loss is recognised outside profit or loss (either in other comprehensive income or in equity). Deferred tax items are recognised in correlation to the underlying transaction either in OCI or directly in equity.

m. Employee Benefits:

a) Short Term Employee Benefits:

All employee benefits payable within twelve months of rendering the service are recognized in the period in which the employee renders the related service.

b) Post-Employment Benefits:

Retirement benefits to employees comprise of Provident Fund contributions. Contribution to defined contribution retirement benefit schemes is recognized as an expense when employees have rendered services entitling them to contributions.

n. Earnings Per Share:

Basic earnings per share are calculated by dividing the net profit or loss for the period attributable to equity shareholders (after deducting preference dividends and attributable taxes) by the weighted average number of equity shares outstanding during the period.

o. Provisions, Contingent Liabilities and Contingent Assets:

Provisions involving a substantial degree of estimation in measurement are recognized when there is a present obligation as a result of past events and it is probable that there will be an outflow of resources. Contingent Liabilities are not recognized but are disclosed in the Financial Statements. Contingent Assets are neither recognized nor disclosed in the Financial Statements.

p. Financial instruments:

Initial recognition

The company recognise the financial asset and financial liabilities when it becomes a party to the contractual provisions of the instruments. All the financial assets and financial liabilities are recognised at fair value on initial recognition, except for trade receivable which are initially recognised at transaction price. Transaction cost that are directly attributable to the acquisition of financial asset and financial liabilities, that are not at fair value through profit and loss, are added to the fair value on the initial recognition.

Subsequent measurement

(A) Non derivative financial instruments

(i) Financial Assets at amortised cost

A financial assets is measured at the amortised cost if both the following conditions are met:

- a) The asset is held within a business model whose objective is to hold assets for collecting contractual cash flows, and



OWN WEB SOLUTION PRIVATE LIMITED

Notes forming part of the Financial Statements for the period ended 31st March 2025

- b) Contractual terms of the asset give rise on specified dates to cash flows that are solely payments of principal and interest (SPPI) on the principal amount outstanding.

This category is the most relevant to the Company. All the Loans and other receivables under financial assets (except Investments) are non-derivative financial assets with fixed or determinable payments that are not quoted in an active market. Trade receivables do not carry any interest and are stated at their nominal value as reduced by impairment amount.

(ii) Financial Assets at Fair Value through Profit or Loss/Other comprehensive income

Instruments included within the FVTPL category are measured at fair value with all changes recognised in the Statement of Profit and Loss.

If the company decides to classify an instrument as at FVTOCI, then all fair value changes on the instrument, excluding dividends, are recognised in the OCI. There is no recycling of the amounts from OCI to P&L, even on sale of investment. However, the company may transfer the cumulative gain or loss within equity.

(iii) Financial liabilities

The measurement of financial liabilities depends on their classification, as described below:

(a) Loans and borrowings

After initial recognition, interest-bearing loans and borrowings are subsequently measured at amortised cost using the effective interest rate (EIR) method. However, the Company has borrowings at floating rates. Considering the impact of restatement of Effective interest rate, transaction cost is being amortised over the tenure of loan and borrowing.

(b) Trade & other payables

After initial recognition, trade and other payables maturing within one year from the Balance sheet date, the carrying amounts approximate fair value due to the short maturity of these instruments.

(B) Derivative financial instruments

The company holds derivatives financial instruments such as foreign exchange forward and option contracts to mitigate the risk of changes in exchange rates on foreign currency exposures. Company has taken all the forward contract from the bank.

Derecognition

A financial liability is derecognised when the obligation under the liability is discharged or cancelled or expires. When an existing financial liability is replaced by another from the same lender on substantially different terms, or the terms of an existing liability are substantially modified, such an exchange or modification is treated as the derecognition of the original liability and the recognition of a new liability. The difference in the respective carrying amounts is recognised in the statement of profit or loss.

q. Cash and Cash Equivalents:

The Company considers all highly liquid financial instruments, which are readily convertible into cash and have original maturities of twelve months or less from the date of purchase, to be cash equivalents.

20. CONTINGENT LIABILITY:

Claims against the Company not acknowledged as debt ₹ Nil (previous year ₹ Nil)



OWN WEB SOLUTION PRIVATE LIMITED

Notes forming part of the Financial Statements for the period ended 31st March 2025

21. MSME REGISTERED CREDITORS:

Based on information's available with the Company, there are 0 suppliers registered as micro, small or medium enterprise under "The Micro, Small and Medium Enterprise Development Act, 2006" as at March 31, 2025. This is according to the return filed and details provided in MSME Form I (Pursuant to Order 2 and 3 dated 22 January, 2019 issued under Section 405 of the Companies Act, 2013).

22. DEFERRED TAX:

In consideration of prudence, the deferred tax asset has not been recognized in the accounts and the same would be considered at an appropriate time keeping in view the availability of sufficient taxable income against which such deferred tax asset can be realized.

23. The disclosure required under Indian Accounting Standard Ind AS 19 Employee Benefits, is given below:

During the period under audit, the Company do not have any obligation towards Gratuity, Leave Encashment or any other defined benefit under Ind AS-19.

24. Particulars of Un-hedged foreign Currency Exposure as the Balance Sheet date:

During period under audit, the company does not have any un-hedged foreign currency exposure as on balance sheet date.

25. Segment Reporting:

The risk-return profile of the Company's business is determined predominantly by the nature of its services. Accordingly, the business segment constitutes the primary segment for disclosure of segment information. The company is, at present, primarily engaged in a single business segment of Information Technology Company and operates only in a single geographical segment i.e. India. Accordingly, no disclosures are made in terms of Indian Accounting Standard Ind AS – 108 relating to "Segment Reporting".

26. Financial risk management objectives and policies:

The risk management policies of the Company are established to identify and analyse the risks faced by the Company, to set appropriate risk limits and controls, and to monitor risks and adherence to limits. Risk management policies and systems are reviewed regularly to reflect changes in market conditions and the Company's activities.

The Management has overall responsibility for the establishment and oversight of the Company's risk management framework.

Market risk:

Market risk is the risk when the fair value or future cash flows of a financial instrument will fluctuate because of changes in market prices. Financial instruments affected by market risk include FVTPL Investments only. Market risk comprises only the fluctuations in the net asset value of the respective funds. Reports on the investment portfolio are submitted to the Company's senior management on a regular basis. The Board of Directors reviews and approves all investment decisions.

Credit risk:

Credit risk is the risk that counterparty will not meet its obligations under a financial instrument or customer contract, leading to a financial loss. The Company is exposed to credit risk from its operating activities (primarily trade receivables) and from its financing activities, including deposits with banks and financial institutions. The Company only deals with parties which has sound worthiness based on internal assessment.



OWN WEB SOLUTION PRIVATE LIMITED

Notes forming part of the Financial Statements for the period ended 31st March 2025

The ageing analysis of the receivables has been considered from the date the invoice falls due.

(Amount in ₹'000)			
Trade Receivables	< 180 days	> 180 days	Total
Amount As At 31st March 2025	5,697	749	6,446
Amount As At 31st March 2024	1,621	0	1,621

In the opinion of management, trade receivable, Financial assets, Cash and cash equivalent, Balance with Bank, Loans and other financial assets have a value on realisation in the ordinary course of business at least equal to the amount at which they are stated in the balance sheet.

Interest rate risk:

Interest rate risk is the risk that the fair value or future cash flows of a financial instrument will fluctuate because of changes in market interest rates.

Company has interest rate risk exposure mainly from changes in rate of interest on borrowing & on deposit with bank. The interest rate are disclosed in the respective notes to the financial statements of the Company.

Liquidity risk:

Liquidity risk is defined as the risk that the Company will not be able to settle or meet its obligations on time or at a reasonable price. For the Company, liquidity risk arises from obligations on account of financial liabilities – trade payables and other financial liabilities.

Liquidity risk management:

The Company's management is responsible for liquidity and funding as well as settlement management. In addition, processes and policies related to such risks are overseen by senior management. Management monitors the Company's net liquidity position through rolling forecasts on the basis of expected cash flows.

Capital Management:

The Company's objective for capital management is to maximize shareholder value, safeguard business continuity and support the growth. The Company determines the capital requirement based on annual operating plans and long-term and other strategic investment plans. The Company is not subject to any externally imposed capital requirements except loan from banks/NBFC for working capital.

27. The Ministry of Corporate Affairs (MCA) vide its notification in the Official Gazette dated February 16, 2015 notified the Indian Accounting Standards (Ind AS) applicable to certain classes of companies. Ind AS would replace the existing Indian GAAP prescribed under section 133 of The Companies Act, 2013 read with Rule 7 of the Companies (Accounts) Rules, 2014. For this Company, Ind AS would be applicable for the accounting period beginning April 1, 2021, with a transition date of April 1, 2020.

There is no Reconciliation required of Other Equity and Net Profit as compared under Previous GAAP and as per Ind AS.



OWN WEB SOLUTION PRIVATE LIMITED

Notes forming part of the Financial Statements for the period ended 31st March 2025

28. Financial Instruments: Financial instrument by category

The carrying value and fair value of financial instrument by categories as of 31st March 2025 were as follows:

(Amount in ₹'000)				
Particulars	at amortised cost	at fair value through profit and loss	Total Carrying value	Total fair value
	(Rs.)	(Rs.)	(Rs.)	(Rs.)
Assets:				
Trade Receivables	6,446	-	6,446	6,446
Cash & Cash Equivalents	323	-	323	323
Loans	4,881	-	4,881	4,881
Other Current Assets	1,705	-	1,705	1,705
Total	13,355	-	13,355	13,355
Liabilities:				
Trade Payables	1,186	-	1,186	1,186
Short Term Borrowings	2,728	-	2,728	2,728
Other Current Liabilities	1,101	-	1,101	1,101
Total	5,015	-	5,015	5,015

The carrying value and fair value of financial instrument by categories as of 31st March 2024 were as follows:

(Amount in ₹'000)				
Particulars	at amortised cost	at fair value through profit and loss	Total Carrying value	Total fair value
	(Rs.)	(Rs.)	(Rs.)	(Rs.)
Assets:				
Trade Receivables	1,621	-	1,621	1,621
Cash & Cash Equivalents	157	-	157	157
Loans	5,168	-	5,168	5,168
Total	6,946	-	6,946	6,946
Liabilities:				
Trade Payables	406	-	406	406
Short Term Borrowings	331	-	331	331
Total	737	-	737	737



OWN WEB SOLUTION PRIVATE LIMITED

Notes forming part of the Financial Statements for the period ended 31st March 2025

29. Related Party Transaction

Disclosure of transaction with Related Parties, as required by Indian Accounting standard Ind AS – 24 relating to Related Party Disclosure' are given here under. Related parties as defined under Clause 3 of the Indian Accounting standard Ind AS – 24 have been identified based on Representations made by and information available with the Company.

[Note: Related Party relationships as identified by the Company have been relied upon by the Auditors.]

List of related parties with whom transactions were carried out during the year and description of relationship:

(Amount in ₹'000)

Particulars		FY 2024-25		FY 2023-24	
Name of the Related Party & Nature of Relationship	Transaction Value	Transaction Value	O/s amounts carried in the Balance Sheet	Transaction Value	O/s amounts carried in the Balance Sheet
Associate Enterprise & Sister Concern					
Vertoz Limited	Debtors	631	631	-	-
	Advances	-207	4,825	(1,197)	5,032
Trunkoz Technologies Pvt Ltd	Creditors	-	-	-	-
	Rent Expense	120	300	10	180
	Loans	-	(247)	(250)	(247)
OwnRegistrar INC	Debtors	-13,964	4,972	18,936	18,936
	Creditors	14774	-	14,612	(14,774)
	Advances	-62	-	62	62
Qualispace INC	Loans	(12)	(121)	-	(109)
Vertoz INC NJ	Debtors	-	-	-	-
	Loans	(53)	(53)	-	-
OR Solutions FZ LLC	Advances	(152)	-	152	152
	Loans	(2,069)	(2,107)	(38)	(38)
Qualispace Cloud Private Limited	Loans	(200)	(200)	-	-
	Creditors	(284)	(284)	-	-

30. Cash Flow Statement as required in terms of Accounting Standard "Ind AS 7 Cash Flow Statements" is attached to these Accounts.
31. As the Company is not a manufacturing company, the information required under Clause3 (ii) (a) and Clause 4C of Part II of the Companies Act, 1956 has not been given.
32. The balances of sundry debtors, sundry creditors, loans and advances are subject to reconciliation and confirmation and are as per books of account only. In the opinion of the management, the reconciliation, if any, will not materially affect the profit/loss of the Company for the year.



OWN WEB SOLUTION PRIVATE LIMITED

Notes forming part of the Financial Statements for the period ended 31st March 2025

33. In the opinion of the Management, all the current assets, loans and advances have a value on realization in the ordinary course of business equal to the amount at which they are stated and all provisions for liabilities are adequate and are not less than the amount considered necessary.

34. Expenditure in Foreign Currency – Nil

(Amount in ₹'000)

Particulars	2024-25	2023-24
Payment for Import against Invoice	-	-
Advance against Import Services	-	-
Exchange (Gain)/Loss on remittance	-	-
Total Expenditure in Foreign Currency (On Cash Basis)	-	-

35. Earning in Foreign Currency (On Cash Basis) – Nil

(Amount in ₹'000)

Particulars	2024-25	2023-24
Receipt from Export against Invoice	-	891
Advance against Export Services	-	-
Exchange Gain/(Loss) on remittance	-	99
Total Earning in Foreign Currency (On Cash Basis)	-	990

36. Estimated amount of contracts remaining to be executed on capital account and outstanding net of advances – ₹ Nil (P.Y. Nil)

37. On account of application of Schedule III as per the new Companies Act, 2013 for the preparation of financial statements, the disclosures, classification and presentation made in this financial statement have been significantly impacted / changed. Previous year's figures have been regrouped / reclassified wherever necessary to correspond with the current year's classification / disclosure.

**FOR AND ON BEHALF OF BOARD OF
OWN WEB SOLUTIONS PRIVATE LIMITED**

Handwritten signature

Hirenkumar Shah
Director
Din: 00092739
Date: 26.05.2025
Place: Mumbai

